

THE STATE JOURNAL.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF TOPEKA

By FRANK P. MACLENNAN.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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THE STATE JOURNAL has a regular average daily local circulation in Topeka of more than all other Capital City papers combined, and double that of its principal competitor—a very creditable morning newspaper.

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Weather Indications.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—Forecast till 8 p. m. Friday: For Kansas—Fair, warmer; winds shifting to southerly.

The army of Frye seems to be perpetually in a stew.

Its early bird gets the worm, and its also the early bud gets the frost.

Mrs. LEASE is taking a much needed rest; Governor Lewelling is getting one.

FRED CLOSE is struggling to get his road far enough along to have a receiver appointed.

Has any new thing been proposed by a western man in the last ten years that New York newspapers haven't abused and ridiculed.

THE HUNS in Pennsylvania are not for ballots but bullets. The country is overstocked with the latter and several batches will doubtless be worked off.

VICE PRESIDENT STEVENSON has a growing presidential boom; it is too bad that Grover Cleveland is not going to leave him any party for it to thrive on.

COL. BRECKINRIDGE no doubt is a man of elegant diction, but even the hardened telegraph editor can't pass his testimony without severe blue pencil expurgations.

JUDGING by the votes everywhere the country does not as warmly endorse Cleveland's veto of the seigniorage bill as Wall street editors and the Topeka Capital.

CLEVELAND just recovered from the trouble in his upper jaw to fall ill with the gout; this is the first time he has been suspected of the foot and mouth disease.

THE financial plank adopted at the Emporia convention may not be a very large one, but Charlie Curtis' record on silver is equal to a whole lumber yard. It is good enough for us.

A MINNESOTA congressman has introduced a bill to reduce government salaries from 25 to 33 1/3 per cent. He doesn't understand the spirit of our American institutions.

THE syndicate theater project, proposed in Chicago, is a fine idea. It would be a good thing to know beforehand just what we are going to get and when we are going to get it.

SPEAKER CRISP is a sly dog; he is not going to drop the bone he holds, into the water in order to snatch the reflection. Governor Northern dangled the short senatorship in front of him, uselessly.

THERE are already a number of people in Washington who might be accused of vagrancy, but when asked if they have no visible means of support they need only to point to the capitol.

WE are glad to see congress hard at work on the Behring sea question; it is one of the things that should be settled before we tackle such unimportant matters as the industrial and financial depression.

IT was FRICK who imported the half savage Hungarians to take the place of American workmen because they would work cheaper. Now he is reaping the harvest of his selfish and shortsighted policy.

ADMIRAL DIETLO has raised a loan of 2,000,000 francs for the purpose of continuing the Brazilian revolution; and still there are people who wouldn't loan one franc on a Kansas farm with a first mortgage as security.

ACCORDING to Edward Bok at a dinner in New York where twenty-two magazine men were present, only two had their wine glasses refilled and more than one-third turned their glasses down. It scarcely seems that prohibition could do much better than that.

C. H. J. TAYLOR the colored Wyandotte county lawyer who was not confirmed as minister to Bolivia and who has been nominated for register of deeds of the District of Columbia, will receive fees of \$17,000 a year. There are also one hundred and twenty-five clerkships at the disposal of the incumbent. This will give every colored Democrat in congress an office.

A SLANDERER FROM TOPEKA.

The Newton Republican and its slanderous correspondent in Topeka, W. H. Hornaday, afford examples of the vicious attacks being made upon Ed Hoch and those who are giving him an honest support in the interests of newer men and better methods. We are glad to say that this man Hornaday is one of the exceptions. The campaign would be a decent one with the elimination of such as he and a very few others. Attacks of this kind only aid Mr. Hoch and do not injure his supporters. The Newton paper publishes a long "special dispatch" from Topeka with big black headlines. The heading contains these words: "Black-malliers"—"Topeka JOURNAL wants hush money" etc., and the article itself has this introduction:

"The fact that there is danger of overdoing a thing was never more clearly demonstrated than in the tactics now being pursued by some of the over-zealous, but misguided friends of Ed Hoch. No one familiar with the policy and politics of the STATE JOURNAL was surprised when it took up the name of Hoch. The common street talk here was that the other fellows would not come down and there was nothing left for it to do but make desperate attacks on Morrill and his friends."

The STATE JOURNAL needs to make no reply to the above slander. Its editor has lived in Kansas from boyhood and has been in the newspaper business in the state for seventeen years, nine of these years as editor and proprietor of the TOPEKA STATE JOURNAL. He is entirely willing to rely on his character and reputation as a sufficient refutation to the slander above quoted. So far as "desperate attacks, on Maj. Morrill" are concerned, the readers of this paper know that there have been no attacks whatever on Morrill in the STATE JOURNAL. Two years ago, as Mr. Morrill and his friends know this paper supported him entirely on motion, and Major Morrill never contributed a cent directly or indirectly, even to the amount of a subscription to the paper. We never asked him or any other candidate for governor to do more than make a decent and honorable campaign. We are favoring Hoch today because, like him and thousands of Republicans, we are in favor of newer men and better methods; because we are not satisfied with the arrogant, egotistical machine methods that have been pursued by the men who are acting as Major Morrill's campaigners.

Kansas Republicans want a change, and from the Hoch sentiment, which is simply tremendous, they are likely to get it, crystallized into delegates favorable to the Marion county statesman.

CHANCELLOR SNOW says in his weather report for March: "The warmest March since 1878, notwithstanding the low temperature of the last ten days. The mean temperature of the week from the 28d to 29th was 31.20 degrees, making it the coldest week on our entire record in the last third of March. This cold period, coming as it did after the warm weather of the early spring, wrought great damage to every variety of fruit. The rainfall was one-half the average, and the cloudiness much less than usual. Wind velocity and barometer high."

As Ed Hoch says, Kansas are anxious to see the Republicans again put at the head of the state government, so that when they are visiting eastern states they can wear their hats on the back of their heads, instead of pulling the rims down over their eyes.

KANSAS PARAGRAPHS.

Cottonwood Falls is so Democratic that the "Cuckoo" orchestra plays for all the dances.

The Kansas City school teachers will attend the educational meeting at Lawrence by a special train.

An Emporia man delights to please his friends so much that his obituary has appeared three times in the local papers.

A fine cornet was stolen from the Presbyterian church at Ft. Scott. It is suspected that the thief had many accessories.

Joe Bristow's modesty could hold out no longer and so he publishes four columns of complimentary notices in the Republican.

The story that a skeleton has been exhumed at Wichita that held a pair of scissors in one hand is regarded as sheer nonsense.

A Ft. Scott boy took \$24 belonging to his grandmother and left the town. The cause assigned for the theft—he lived on Wall street.

Many Winfield young men had to shave off their moustaches because the girls complained so much of being down in the mouth.

Now that the Hutchinson and Wichita pork packing establishments are both running full blast, the supply of office seekers is expected to be largely diminished.

The school teachers are in Lawrence today in force. They are simply delighted with the place, because it is the only town in the state where school teacher English is spoken.

After trying in state for ten days the remains of the burglar who was shot at Independence have been buried. If any person in the county failed to see the corpse it was his own fault.

A couple of veterans from Leavenworth will start next week down the Missouri in open boats to be gone a year. They will camp and fish and hunt all along, and expect to spend next winter in Arkansas and Louisiana.

Achison is either very fortunate or else there has been some clever dissimulation. It was reported that a crazy man was in town, but the police, after a careful search of the city, failed to find one. The decadence of Populism seems to have been complete.

The board of education at Atchison at a recent meeting promptly rejected all bids for fire escapes for school buildings, refused the teachers leave to go to Lawrence, and then probably leaned back in their chairs, lit their cigars and chatted pleasantly about the growth of fellow feeling in the world.

A GREAT PLATFORM.

Ed Hoch's Letter of Acceptance.

"We must take higher ground if we would regain and retain the confidence of the people."

"Is the ideal I have pictured too high? Would not our party be many thousand votes stronger if this ideal could be realized this year?"

"I am sick of the idea that a man must throw modesty to the winds, and squander time and money and character in a scramble for a position of such dignity as this."

"I have written thus frankly because I am tremendously in earnest in wishing the success of the party which in state and nation has alone proven its ability to manage public affairs wisely and well."

"This view will be criticised. It will be thought too ethereal and sentimental for Kansas politics. I believe in my heart, however, that it voices the sentiments of the great overwhelming mass of men who do the voting and who hold patriotism above position or self."

"If the party in its aggregate wisdom should call me to the front, untrammelled by pledges or promises, I would do what any other loyal citizen would do—try to bear the banner unsullied to the victory which I am confident awaits us."

"I am tired of seeing this great office kicked like a football over the prairies of Kansas. I am disgusted with the dispensing of its perquisites in advance and as a means of their attainment. From all these things our party has suffered sorely in the past."

"I have hoped that the next state convention would be composed of the ablest, clearest and most unselfish Republicans in the state, filled and thrilled with the one supreme desire to nominate the strongest possible ticket and to adopt the best possible platform."

"The issues of this year's campaign are too important to be jeopardized by a wrangle over the ambitions and interests of individuals. If there ever was a time when men should lay their ambitions and interests on the altar of their country it is now."

"For one to voluntarily assume that he pre-eminently above others, measures up to the requirements of this exalted office, is repugnant to my nature, and to my idea of that modesty which so adorns our humanity, and which so becomes the occupant of a great office of this kind."

"The office of governor is an exalted position. Its duties are grave and its responsibilities are great. It is a sacred trust which men should hesitate to seek, and which should be conferred upon them only after thorough and thoughtful consideration of their character and qualifications."

"It should not, therefore, be necessary for any man to seek for the nomination. The custom which compels men to do this, or to abandon the honorable aspiration, is in my judgment, a pernicious one. It puts a premium upon presumption and a ban upon modesty. It gives an undue advantage to wealth, and makes its absence a bar to preferment."

"Let it be a convention of Republicans, by Republicans, and for Republicanism, instead of a convention of candidates, by candidates and for candidates. Let it be something more than a ratification meeting to endorse the work of a lot of manipulators with axes to grind and spoils to get. Is not this a consummation devoutly to be wished?"

"Any and all 'claims' are insignificant as compared with the great issue of redeeming this fair state from the grip of the socialists in theory, and anarchists in practice, who, having first deluged an honest following, aided by a party whose alleged principles are opposite to theirs, have made Kansas ridiculous in the eyes of the world."

"With no reflection upon any of the excellent and eminent gentlemen who have reluctantly yielded to the pernicious practice in the past, who may do so in the future, I here and now enter my solemn and emphatic protest against a custom which not only lowers the high and good standard here set up, but which tends to ring rule, bossism and to party antagonism and to defeat."

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION PRIMA LIES.

The Republicans of Shawnee county will hold a primary election on Saturday, May 12, 1894, from 2 o'clock to 8 o'clock p. m. by the authority of the Republican central committee of Shawnee county, to elect delegates to a county convention to be held at the court house in the city of Topeka, on Saturday, the 15th day of May, 1894, at 2 o'clock p. m., to select 35 delegates and 35 alternates from the county to the Republican state convention, to be held in the city of Topeka on Wednesday, the 6th day of June, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for state officers to be voted for at the coming November election.

The supervisors hereafter named will take charge of their respective polls and make their returns to the secretary of this committee immediately after the counting of the ballots, with a certified poll sheet showing names of persons receiving votes and the number received by each, to be filed with the sealed ballots cast at said election.

The following is the name and location of each voting precinct, and the name of the supervisor of election for each precinct, followed by the number of delegates and alternates to which each of said precincts is entitled:

Rossville, at city building, H. Kline, 3
Silver Lake, Hollister's store, E. Ayers, 3
Menoken, township hall, Wm. Mead, 2
Soldier, East Indianola school house, J. E. Evans, 2
Recheater, township hall, D. L. Burton, 1
Meady, Bowles school house, Jos. Folsom, 1
Hugland Park, at grocery store, C. F. Finner, 1
Oakland, Moore's office, C. W. Whitmore, 3
Pawnee, Allen's store, A. Troutman, 2
Shunganunga, Boughman's hall, F. R. Foster, 2
Tecomseh, G. A. R. hall, D. R. Thomas, 2
Lin Creek, Disney school house, John Taylor, 1
Monmouth, Lyon school house, G. M. Beard, 1
Richland, Farnsworth's store, B. Coyne, 1
South Williamsport, school house, district 3, Geo. Neal, 1
North Williamsport, school house, district 3, Geo. Neal, 1
Laburnum, Finner's store, A. W. Fudge, 2
Dover, Postoffice, Wm. Lytle, 1
Hugland Park, at grocery store, C. F. Finner, 1
Willard, Willard school house, W. M. Miller, 1
North Mission, west side railroad station, E. M. Crockett, 1
South Mission, Grange hall, P. J. Spreng, 1
City of Topeka.

1st ward, engine house, John Troutman, 10
2nd ward, west of A. L. E. S. P. E. R. R. station, C. D. Watson, east of railroad, 11
3rd ward, T. S. Williams, 1
4th ward, Crouch's shoe store, C. S. Elliott, 15
5th ward, city prison, Ous Hongaie, 15
6th ward, No. 1401 Kansas ave, J. M. Harr, 1
None but known Republicans will be entitled to vote at said primaries.
A. F. J. THORPE, Chairman.
C. D. WATSON, Secretary.
Republican Central Committee of Shawnee Co.

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A very stylish two toned novelty Suiting at 98c per yd.

Handsomeness Pattern Dresses—Moire Silks—Bourdon Laces—Point Venise Laces and Insertings—Black Point de Gene Insertings—All the Late Designs.

Ladies' Black Satines, Cloria and Silk Skirts.

A MANY SIDED JURIST.

New Jersey's Chief Justice Is a Man of Varied Accomplishments.

Chief Justice Mercer Beasley of the New Jersey supreme court, whose decision settled the long fight between the Democratic and Republican members of the state senate, is recognized as one of the most accomplished men in the state. He is well posted on art, science and general literature, likes a game of whist and used to be fond of billiards. From boyhood's days he has been an ardent devotee of the dog and gun, and he is well known as an expert marksman and successful hunter. His latter day fad is wood carving, to which he devotes himself with the ardor of a young artist.

Yet Justice Beasley is 79 years old. He was born in Mercer county in 1815. His father was Rev. Frederick Beasley, for many years president of the University of Pennsylvania and at one time rector of St. Michael's church, Trenton. His mother was Maria Williamson, daughter of Mathias Williamson, brother of ex-



CHIEF JUSTICE MERCER BEASLEY.

Governor Isaac Williamson. He entered Princeton college when a lad, and after remaining there but a year returned to Trenton to study with his father, and read law under the direction of Samuel H. Southard. He afterward entered the office of ex-Chancellor Isaac H. Williamson of Elizabeth.

In 1833 he was admitted to practice at the September term of court. He became a counselor in 1842. He was appointed chief justice by Governor Parker in 1864. He has always been considered one of the ablest lawyers in the state, and his fame as chief justice is recognized abroad as well as at home. His decisions are constantly quoted, and it is conceded that few, if any, of the eminent American jurists possess a more accurate or extensive knowledge of law.

In his younger days Justice Beasley was city solicitor of Trenton, for which he received the munificent sum of \$15 a year. In 1851 he was the Whig candidate for mayor of Trenton, but he was defeated by William Nupton. In 1850 he served as president of the Trenton common council. His circuit as chief justice comprised Monmouth and Middlesex counties.

SLATTERY STILL AT IT.

This Time He Stirs Up a Riot at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 5.—For a while last night it looked as if ex-Priest Slattery and his wife would be the central figures of a battle of religious factions. Slattery was billed to lecture in Odd Fellows' hall on "Why priests do not wed."

The hall was crowded and on the outside fully 2,000 people gathered. Cries of "Lynch him," "Hang him," "Kill him," went up. During the lecture Slattery received a note stating that a mob was waiting for him outside, but he said he was not afraid.

When the lecture was over members of the A. P. A. formed a guard about the ex-priest's carriage. When the lecturer and his wife appeared they were booed and jeered by the crowd. Guarded by A. P. A. men they entered the carriage and were driven at a gallop through the crowd. The mob attempted to follow, but was distanced.

THE TRIAL OF WOLFF.

It Begins in the District Court this Morning—Other Cases.

The trial of N. H. Wolff is occupying the day at the district court. The technical charge against the accused man is "obtaining money under false pretenses" by Mr. H. Crosby by presenting a check on the Kansas National bank, which he represented was good, but which was not, as he never had any deposit there.

Mr. Crosby, Bookkeeper Deacon and Miss Mooney, the cashier, testified to the same facts that have been narrated before regarding the deception practiced by Mr. Wolff in obtaining the money on the check. A. Washburn, cashier of the bank, testified that Wolff never had a deposit at his bank for several years.

It is expected that Wolff will try to prove that he supposed his wife had deposited two hundred dollars in the bank a few days before the check was drawn; that \$200 was given to Mrs. Wolff for that purpose.

Mrs. Wolff and her two little curly-haired children sit by the accused husband and father during the trial. He is

defended by S. B. Isenhart and Joe Ensminger. They objected to nearly half a dozen of the jurors before they got a jury that satisfied them.

Other Cases.

Among the other cases that will come up this week are:

W. W. Webb, charged with forgery of the name of George T. Nicholson. It will probably be continued.

J. R. Stanley, passing forged checks; Henry Sampoy, burglarizing the house of A. Burkhardt; William Morgan, stealing turkeys from a Parkdale butcher; Abner Taylor, petit larceny, and Tom Peat, selling liquor.

Veterans League Club.

Lincoln Post hall was packed last evening with old soldiers and their friends. The occasion of this large and enthusiastic audience, was the meeting of the Veterans' league club. Several new members were admitted and the following notable made short speeches: Hons. Dick Blue, Geo. J. Anthony, Major Morrill, S. S. Kirkpatrick, Senator McTaggart and F. P. Cochran of Cottonwood Falls. The next meeting will be held April 12.

He Wanted Youth.

Husband—I wish you would get a new dressmaker.
Wife—Why, dear, I have had this one for years.

Husband—That the trouble she's too old.—Closely Review.

The Reason.

"Why, sir," said the young man, "do you refer to this as a dime museum poem?"
"Because," replied the editor, "it is a freak. It has more than the normal number of feet."—Washington Star.

A Puzzling Query.

Tommy—Say, papa.
Papa—What, Tommy?
Tommy—Would you have been any relative of mine if mamma hadn't married you?
—Halla.

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Come down and see the Trousers we are making for \$4.50.

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Kirkpatrick's shoe store has been moved to 733 Kansas ave.

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